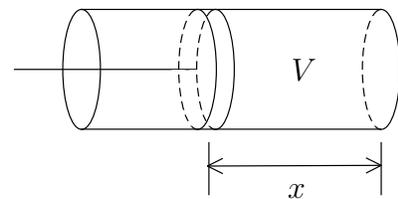


hw3 , due: Tuesday, September 25

Please write neatly, explain the steps, justify your answers.

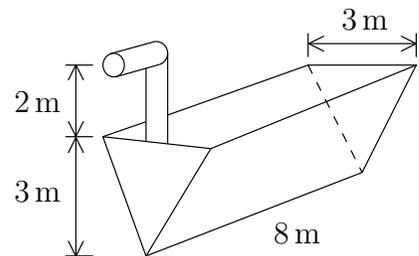
1. Find the work done in raising a 60 kg mass to a height of 2 m above the floor.
2. A spring has natural length 20 cm and a 25 N force is needed to stretch it to length 30 cm. Find the work done in stretching the spring from length 20 cm to 25 cm.
3. A 50 ft cable weighing 0.5 lb/ft hangs from the top of a building 120 ft high. a) Find the work done in pulling the cable to the top of the building. b) Find the work done in pulling half the cable to the top of the building.

4. a) A volume of compressed gas inside a closed cylinder expands as a piston is withdrawn. The gas pressure is a function of the gas volume,  $P = P(V)$ , and the force exerted by the gas on the piston is the product of the piston surface area and the gas pressure,  $F = \pi r^2 P$ , where  $r$  is the cylinder radius. Show that the work done when the gas expands from volume  $V_1$  to  $V_2$  is  $W = \int_{V_1}^{V_2} P(V) dV$ . (hint: start from  $W = \int_a^b f(x) dx$ , where  $x$  is the displacement of the piston)



b) In a steam engine, the steam pressure  $P$  and volume  $V$  satisfy the relation  $PV^{1.4} = k$ , where  $k$  is a constant. Use part (a) to calculate the work done by the engine during a cycle when the steam starts at pressure 1600 lb/in<sup>2</sup> and volume 100 in<sup>3</sup> and expands to volume 800 in<sup>3</sup>. Express the answer in ft-lb.

5. A tank with the indicated shape is full of water. Find the work done in pumping the water to the top of the outlet. (hint: follow the steps in the example from class)



6. True or False? Justify your answer.

- a) If  $\int_a^b f(x) dx \leq \int_a^b g(x) dx$ , then  $f(x) \leq g(x)$  for all  $x$  in the interval  $[a, b]$ .
- b) The area under the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 1$  is equal to two.
- c)  $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{2x-1} = 0$  (hint: sketch the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{2x-1}$ )

7. The error function, defined by  $\text{erf}(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^x e^{-t^2} dt$ , is used in physics and probability. Find the following quantities. Compute the value in (c) using the midpoint rule with  $n = 2$ .

- a)  $\text{erf}(0)$       b)  $\text{erf}'(0)$       c)  $\text{erf}(1)$       d)  $\text{erf}'(1)$       e)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \text{erf}'(x)$

f) Sketch the graph of  $\text{erf}(x)$  for  $x \geq 0$ . (hint: you may use the fact that  $\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$  )

announcements

1. On Friday Sept 21 we will meet in room B727 in the basement of East Hall for a computer lab using Maple, a software package for calculus and graphics.
2. The Registrar has changed the final exam time for Math 156; it is now 10:30am-12:30pm on Friday, December 14; if you have a conflict, please tell your instructor.